

matter [7 marks]

1. [Maximum mark: 1]

What happens as ice melts at 0 °C?

I. Molecules gain kinetic energy and temperature increases.

II. Added energy overcomes hydrogen bonds between molecules.

III. Molecules gain sufficient energy to move from fixed positions.

A. I and II only

B. I and III only

C. II and III only

D. I, II and III

[1]

2. [Maximum mark: 1]

Which of the following are homogeneous mixtures?

I. An aqueous solution of sodium chloride

II. A mixture of pentane and hexane

III. A mixture of ethanol and water

A. I and II only

B. I and III only

C. II and III only

D. I, II and III

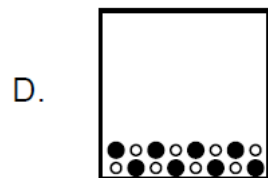
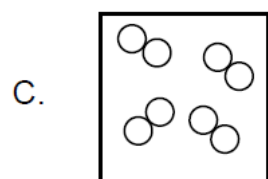
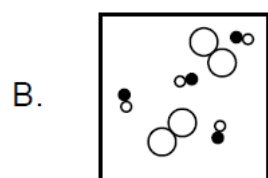
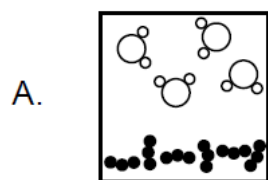
[1]

3. [Maximum mark: 1]
What is the change of state for a gas to a solid?

A. Condensation
B. Deposition
C. Freezing
D. Sublimation

[1]

4. [Maximum mark: 1]
Which diagram represents a heterogeneous mixture?



[1]

5. [Maximum mark: 1]

What is the pressure, in Pa, inside a 3.0 dm^3 cylinder containing 64 g of O_2 at 25.0°C ?

$$R = 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}; PV = nRT$$

A. $\frac{2 \times 8.31 \times 25}{3.0}$

B. $\frac{2 \times 8.31 \times 298}{3.0 \times 10^{-3}}$

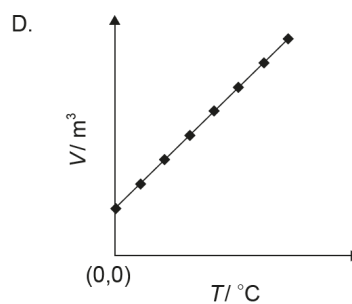
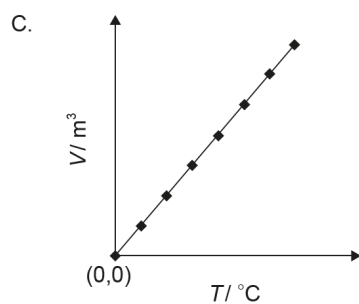
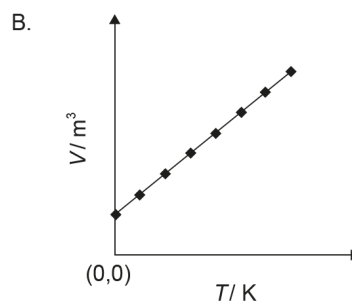
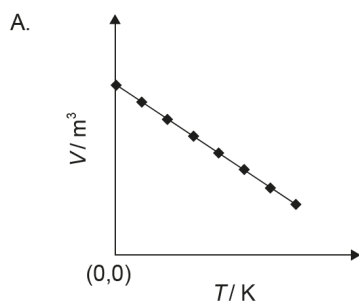
C. $\frac{2 \times 8.31 \times 298}{3.0}$

D. $\frac{4 \times 8.31 \times 298}{3.0 \times 10^{-3}}$

[1]

6. [Maximum mark: 1]

Which graph shows the correct relationship between the volume and temperature of an ideal gas at constant pressure?



[1]

7. [Maximum mark: 1]

What is the molar mass of a gas according to the following experimental data?

Mass of gas	40.0 g
Volume	220 cm ³
Temperature	17 °C
Pressure	98 kPa

Ideal gas constant = $8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

$PV = nRT$

A. $\frac{40.0 \times 8.31 \times 290}{98 \times 0.220}$

B. $\frac{98 \times 0.220}{40.0 \times 8.31 \times 290}$

C. $\frac{40.0 \times 8.31 \times 17}{98 \times 0.220}$

D. $\frac{98 \times 0.220}{40.0 \times 8.31 \times 17}$

[1]